1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name: 680-Maleimide
Product-Code: 680-03
Product Type: Solid
Product Description: Not available
Other Means of Identification: Not available
CAS-No.: Not available
EC-Number: Not available

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

For research use only. Refer to the instruction booklet for proper and intended use. Otherwise, contact supplier for specific applications.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

National Contact and Manufacturer: Dyomics GmbH
Otto-Schott-Straße 15
D-07745 Jena
Telephone: +49-3641-646 864
Fax: +49-3641-646 868
E-mail address: info@dyomics.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Contact Telephone Number: 110

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product Definition: Mono-constituent substance
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]: Eye Dam. 1, H318
Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC [DSD] Europe: Xi, R41

See section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statement declared above; See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard Pictograms:
Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary Statements
Prevention: Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage: not applicable.
Disposal: not applicable.
Supplemental Label Elements: not applicable.
Special Packaging Requirements: Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger: not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards


Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII: Not available

Other hazards which do not result in classification: None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance Mixture: Mono-constituent substance.

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<td>Xi, R41</td>
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See section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statement declared above; There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified as contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section. | Type: [A] Constituent [B] Impurity [C] Stabilizing Additive

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin Contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before reusing. Call a poison center or doctor for treatment advice.
removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Notes to physician:

- Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- No specific treatment.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician:

- Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- No specific treatment.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture: No specific fire or explosion hazard. Hazardous combustion products: No specific data.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

- Special precautions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in “For non-emergency personnel”.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

- Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

- See Section 1 for emergency contact information; See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment; See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective Measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored or processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

- Do not store above the following temperature: 4°C (39.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations: Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions: Not available.
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of identified uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters Occupational exposure limits (Europe)

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels: No DELs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process Enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentiality contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection: Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Skin protection: Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:

Physical state: Solid

Solubility(ies): Easily soluble in the following materials: methanol, ethanol, DMF, DMSO

Molar weight: 756.97 g/mol

Molecular formula: C_{4}H_{5}N_{2}O_{5}

Odour threshold ; pH ; Melting point/freezing point ; Initial boiling point and boiling range ; Flash point ; Evaporation rate Burning time ; Burning rate ; Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits ; Vapour pressure ; Vapour density ; Relative density ; Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water ; Auto-ignition temperature ; Decomposition temperature ; Viscosity ; Explosive properties ; Oxidizing properties: Not available.

Odour: Odourless.

9.2 Other Information: No additional information.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials: No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATIONS

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity: Conclusion/summary: To the best of our knowledge, the toxicological properties of this substance have not been thoroughly investigated.

Irritation/corrosion ; Sensitiser ; Mutagenicity ; Carcinogenicity ; Reproductive toxicity ; Teratogenicity ; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) ; Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) ; Aspiration hazard: Not available.

Information on the likely exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects: Inhalation: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Ingestion: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.
12. TOXICITY

12.1 Persistence and degradability

12.2 Mobility in soil

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.4 Mobility in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

13.1 Waste treatment methods

13.2 Special precautions for user

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

14.4 Packing Group

14.5 Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

15.3 Integrated pollution prevention and control list

15.4 Other information

16. OTHER INFORMATIONS

16.1 Other adverse effects

16.2 Mobility in soil

16.3 Waste treatment methods

16.4 Special precautions for user

16.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

16.6 Mobility in soil

16.7 Transporting in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Inhalation: No specific data.
Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure: Potential immediate effects or Potential delayed effects:

Long term exposure: Potential immediate effects or Potential delayed effects:

Other information:

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration;
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate;
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008];
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level;
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement;
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration;
RRN = REACH Registration Number;

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification: Eye Dam. 1, H318
Justification: Expert judgment

Full text of abbreviated H statements:
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]:
Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Full text of abbreviated R phrases:
R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Notice to reader:

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.